Recommended Pediatric Immunization Schedule by Age Group, United States, 2024

Vaccine	Birth-	2	4	6	12	15	18	24	4-6	7-10	11-12	13-15	16-18
	Within 24 hours	Months	Months	Months	Months	Months	Months	Months	Years	Years	Years	Years	Years
Hepatitis B (HepB)	1 st dose ¹	2 nd dose ¹		◆ 3 rd dose →									
Diphtheria, tetanus, acellular pertussis (DTaP/Tdap)		1 st dose DTaP	2 nd dose DTaP	3 rd dose DTaP			dose aP ²		5 th dose DTaP		1 dose Tdap		
Haemophilus influenzae type b (Hib)		1 st dose	2 nd dose	3 rd dose ³	◀	4 th dose*							
Polio (IPV)		1 st dose	2 nd dose	◀	——— 3 rd d	ose ——			4 th dose				
Pneumococcal conjugate (PCV15, PCV2	20)	1 st dose	2 nd dose	3 rd dose	4 th 0	lose —							
Rotavirus		1 st dose	2 nd dose	3 rd dose ³									
Measles, mumps, rubella (MMR)					1 st 0	lose —			2 nd dose				
Varicella (VAR)					← 1 st 0	lose —			2 nd dose				
Hepatitis A (HepA)					◀	2 dc	oses ⁴ ——						
Human papillomavirus (HPV)											2 doses ^{4,5}		
Meningococcal (MenACWY)											1 st dose		2 nd dose
Meningococcal B (MenB)											2 doses ⁶		
Influenza (Flu)				◆ 1 or 2 doses every year ⁷ →									
COVID-19				◀		_	1 or	more dose:	s every year	ر 8	_		
Respiratory syncytial virus (RSV)	◀	1 dose ⁹ _		-	1 dose	e (8-19 mor	nths) ¹⁰						

Footnotes:

Talk to your child's healthcare provider about the vaccines recommended for their age.

- 1. 1st dose may be delayed due to birth weight and/or if medically unstable. 2nd dose of Hepatitis B may be given at 1-2 months old, if combination vaccine used after 1st dose, your child may receive 4 doses in total. Follow your healthcare provider's recommended schedule if mother has hepatitis B infection or suspected to be infected.
- 2. This dose of DTaP may be given as early as age 12 months if it has been 6 months since the previous dose.
- 3. Your child may not need this dose depending on the brand of vaccine that your healthcare provider uses.
- * Your child may only receive 3 doses instead of 4 depending on the brand of vaccine your healthcare provider uses.
- 4. Doses need to be administered at least 6 months apart.
- 5. May start series at 9 years old.
- 6. Depending on brand used, doses 1 and 2 should be separated by at least 1 month or 6 months. Your teen may need an additional dose(s) depending on your healthcare provider's recommendation. MenABCWY may be administered when MenACWY and MenB are recommended during the same visit.
- 7. One dose each fall or winter to all people ages 6 months and older. Some children younger than age 9 years need 2 doses; ask your child's healthcare provider if your child needs more than 1 dose.
- 8. Number of doses needed is guided by annual ACIP recommendations, age and health conditions.
- 9. Dose depends on mother's vaccination status and babies age entering RSV season.
- 10. Your child may need 1 dose between 8-19 months old if considered high risk based on criteria listed by the CDC.

https://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/schedules/index.html



If your child is behind on vaccinations, schedule an appointment with your child's healthcare provider today! Your healthcare provider will follow the recommended catch-up schedule that best fits your child's needs. It's not too late to get up to date! Follow your healthcare provider's recommendations for special situations and during outbreaks.